

## Vulnerable Populations

- 1) Reduce cost of lifeline rates for MUNI monthly passes and make them easier to get. (See recommendations of Transit Justice Project.) Consider using Federal school lunch paperwork as qualifying documentation.
- 2) Make plan to ration gasoline, oil, natural gas, and for fairness, ration on a per capita basis.
- 3) Initiate program to retrofit public housing for energy efficiency.
- 4) In all city-sponsored solar PV, wind, or solar thermal subsidy programs, prioritize public and affordable housing.
- 5) Identify possibilities for light manufacturing and green jobs in SF.
- 6) Prepare for increasing numbers of economically needy people. Possibly expand the definition of vulnerable to perhaps 80% of median income.
- 7) Designate a set percentage of mitigation funding to be targeted to vulnerable populations.
- 8) Establish program for city to subsidize weatherization of apartments rented to economically vulnerable. (s. as Wisconsin program)
- 9) Expand program of gardening assistance for the disadvantaged.
- 10) Establish neighborhood centers with space for public meetings, internet access, and recycling.
- 11) Instruct the Planning Commission to give priority to preserving green space over providing parking.

Unanswered questions:

Who pays to maintain common areas in public housing?

What programs are already in place to assist the vulnerable with energy bills? (Check with welfare dept.) Rumor has it that there is a 20% subsidy through PG&E, that there is a charity program that pays one month's utility bill, and that there are paratransit and taxi vouchers available.

Any ideas to mitigate the excess of women among the vulnerable?

Should ration coupons be tradable, or does this render the vulnerable at even more of a disadvantage?